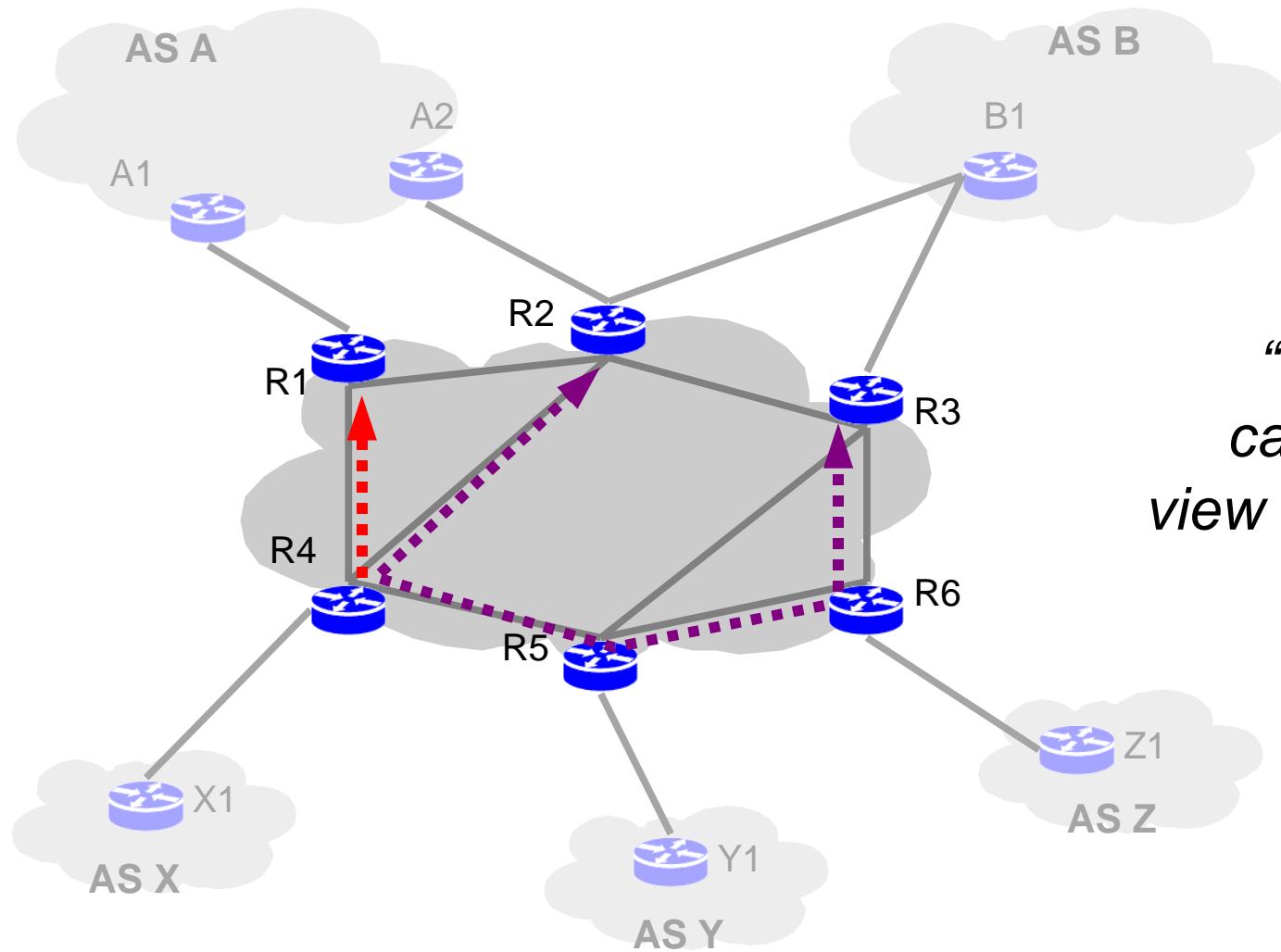


Modeling the Routing of an ISP with C-BGP

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ISP Model



“The traditional capacity planning view of an ISP network”

Internal link
Traffic flows



Can't answer questions such as...

What would happen to my interdomain traffic if...

- a link is failing ?
- a router is under maintenance ?
- a BGP peering is being shutdown ?
- a new route filtering policy is planned ?
- a new peering is established at an IXP ?

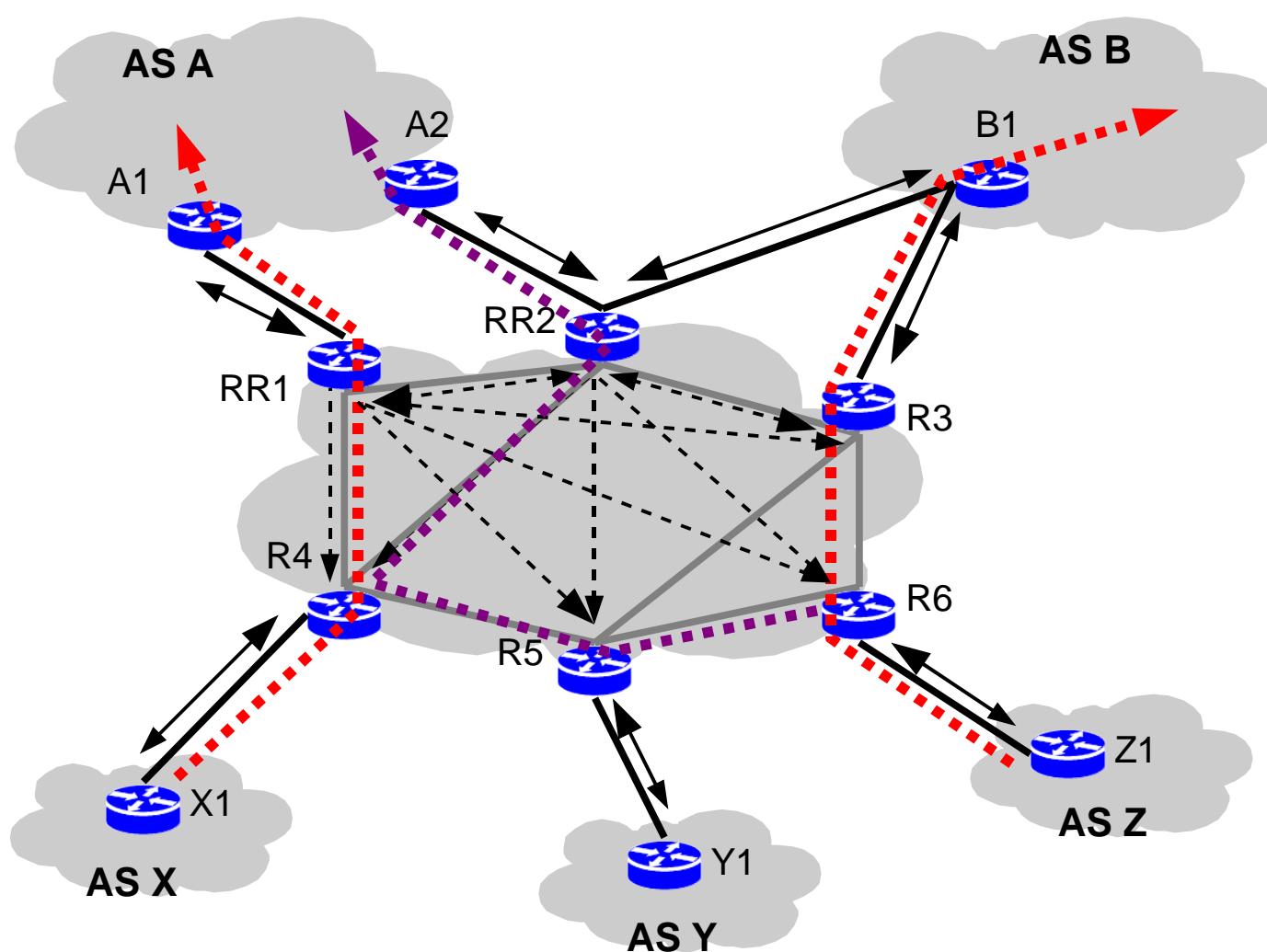
How would I optimize my interdomain routing for...

- performance ? cost ? reliability ?

How do I compare prospective providers ?



ISP Model



Reality has:

- Transit traffic
- Multiple egresses
- iBGP topology
- Route-reflection
- Routing policies
- 250,000 destinations
(and counting)
- interaction w/ IGP
- ...

Internal link



External link



eBGP session



iBGP session



iBGP RR-client session



Traffic flows



Agenda

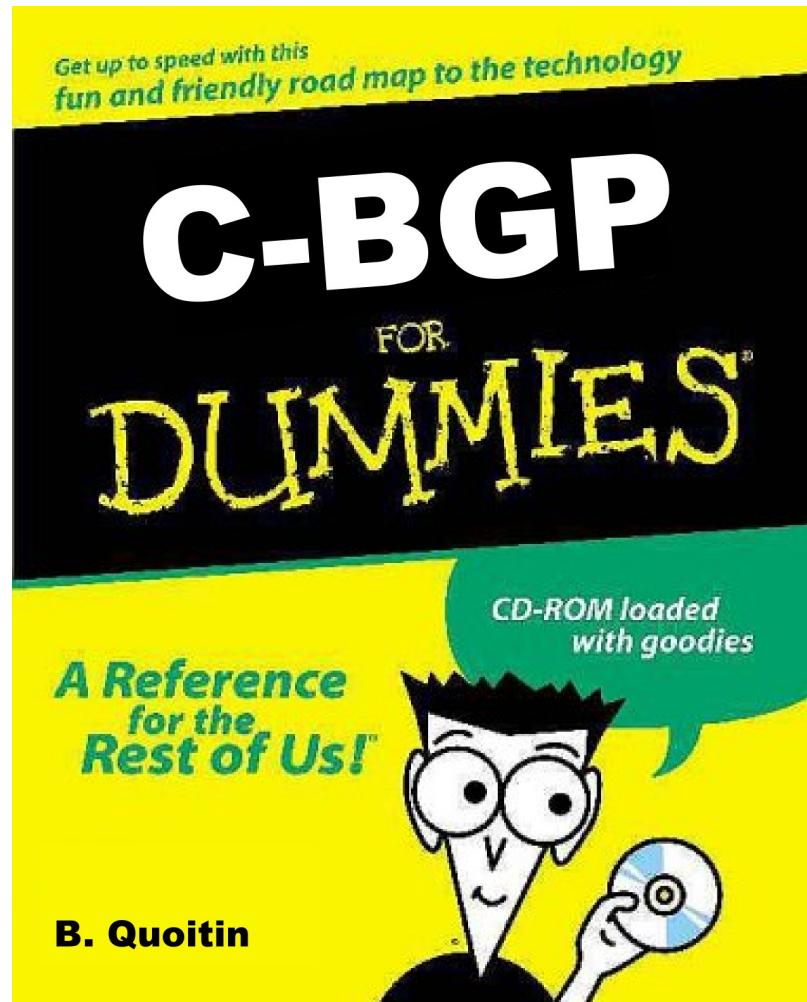
- **C-BGP (backend)**
 - a network topology / config / routing DB
 - a BGP routing solver
- **SPINNET (frontend)**
 - network data parsers (model builders)
 - network topology visualization
- **Case study**
 - Peering placement



I. C-BGP



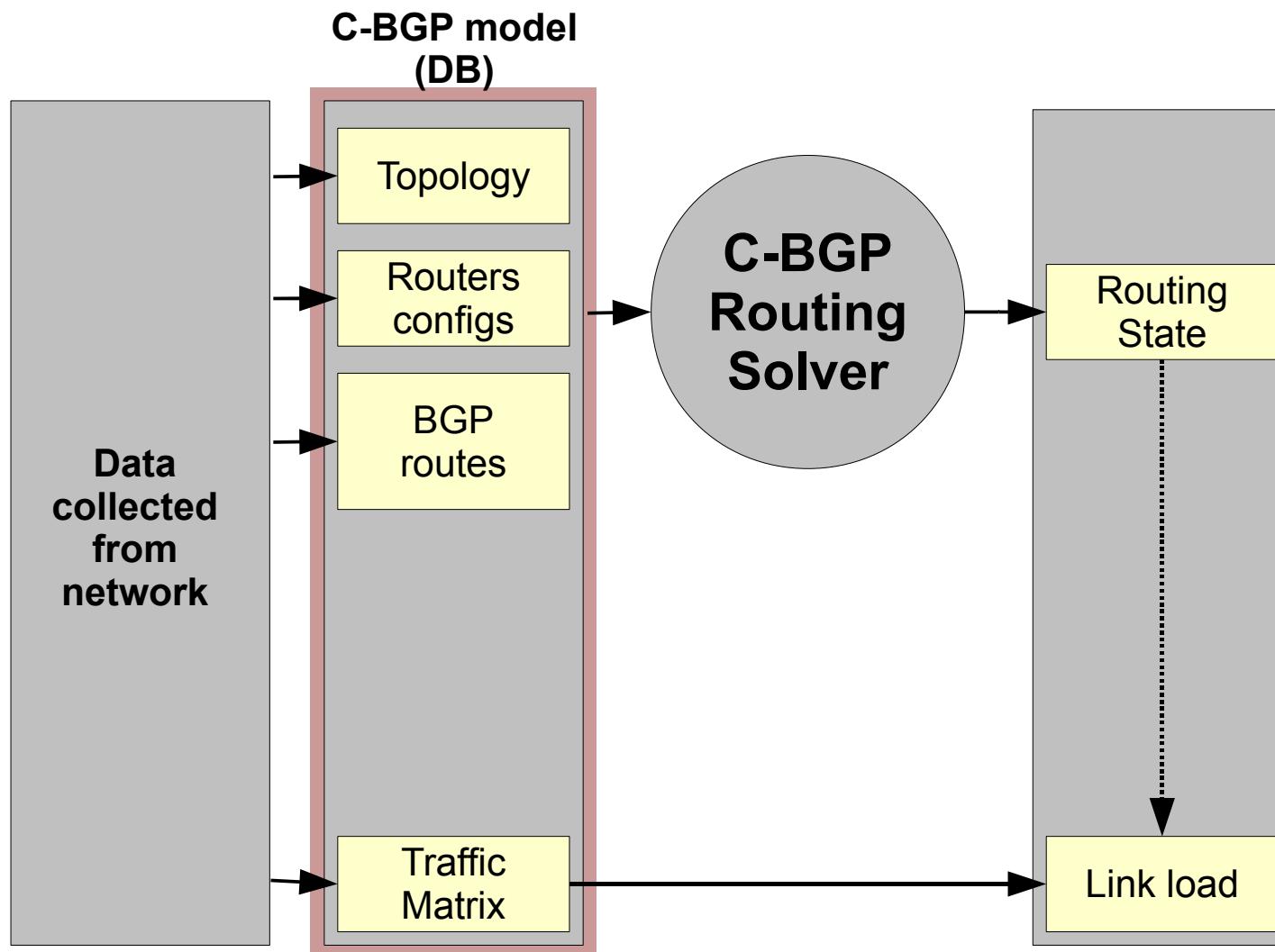
C-BGP



- Network topology / configuration DB
- Scriptable BGP Routing solver for large-scale networks
- developed by INL@UCLouvain
- supported by:



C-BGP Database



C-BGP Database

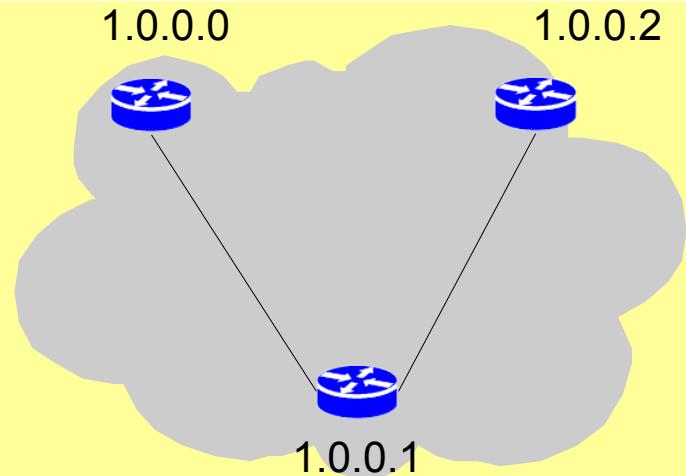
- **Network topology database (DB)**
 - Layer-3 model:
 - nodes: routers and LANs (pseudo-nodes)
 - links: IP links (need to be numbered)
 - link attributes: latency, bandwidth, load
 - Additional information:
 - static routes
 - IP tunnels
 - Large-scale topologies
 - tried with > 10000 nodes / 60000 links



C-BGP Script Example

Topology

```
net add node 1.0.0.0
net add node 1.0.0.1
net add node 1.0.0.2
net add link 1.0.0.0 1.0.0.1
net add link 1.0.0.1 1.0.0.2
```



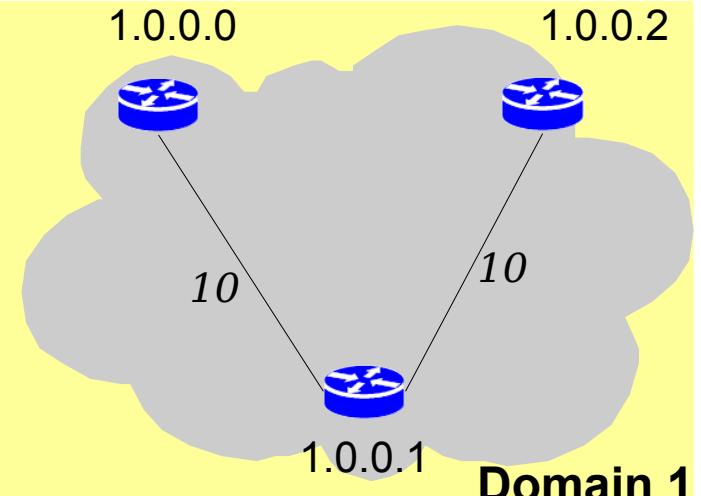
Note: c-bgp v2.0.0 is required.

C-BGP Script Example

Topology

```
net add node 1.0.0.0
net add node 1.0.0.1
net add node 1.0.0.2
net add link 1.0.0.0 1.0.0.1
net add link 1.0.0.1 1.0.0.2
net add domain 1 igrp
net node 1.0.0.0 domain 1
net node 1.0.0.1 domain 1
net node 1.0.0.2 domain 1
net link 1.0.0.0 1.0.0.1 igrp-weight --bidir 10
net link 1.0.0.1 1.0.0.2 igrp-weight --bidir 10
net domain 1 compute
```

IGP



Note: c-bgp v2.0.0 is required.

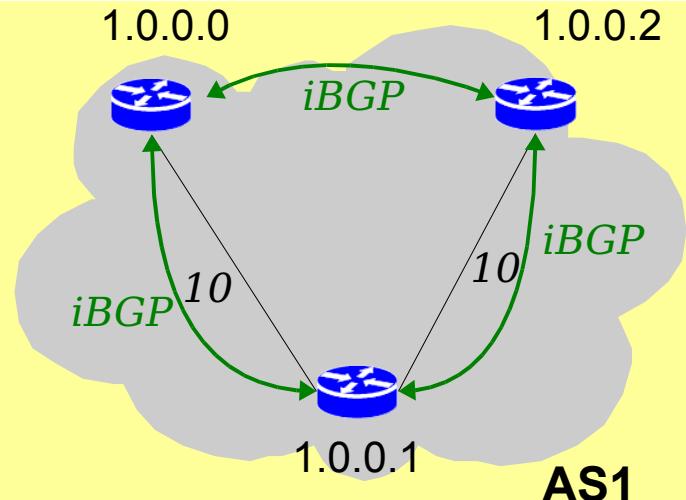
C-BGP Script Example

Topology

```
net add node 1.0.0.0
net add node 1.0.0.1
net add node 1.0.0.2
net add link 1.0.0.0 1.0.0.1
net add link 1.0.0.1 1.0.0.2
net add domain 1 igrp
net node 1.0.0.0 domain 1
net node 1.0.0.1 domain 1
net node 1.0.0.2 domain 1
net link 1.0.0.0 1.0.0.1 igrp-weight --bidir 10
net link 1.0.0.1 1.0.0.2 igrp-weight --bidir 10
net domain 1 compute
bgp add router 1 1.0.0.0
bgp add router 1 1.0.0.1
bgp add router 1 1.0.0.2
bgp domain 1 full-mesh
```

IGP

BGP



Note: c-bgp v2.0.0 is required.

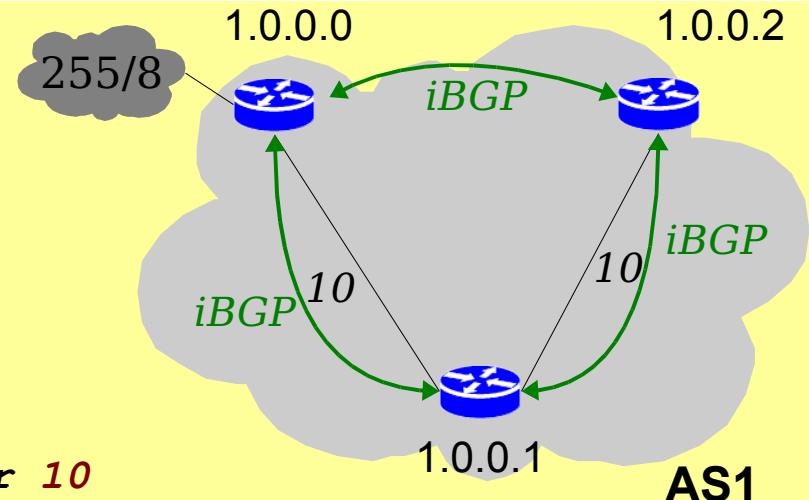
C-BGP Script Example

Topology

```
net add node 1.0.0.0
net add node 1.0.0.1
net add node 1.0.0.2
net add link 1.0.0.0 1.0.0.1
net add link 1.0.0.1 1.0.0.2
net add domain 1 igrp
net node 1.0.0.0 domain 1
net node 1.0.0.1 domain 1
net node 1.0.0.2 domain 1
net link 1.0.0.0 1.0.0.1 igrp-weight --bidir 10
net link 1.0.0.1 1.0.0.2 igrp-weight --bidir 10
net domain 1 compute
bgp add router 1 1.0.0.0
bgp add router 1 1.0.0.1
bgp add router 1 1.0.0.2
bgp domain 1 full-mesh
bgp router 1.0.0.0 add network 255/8
sim run
```

IGP

BGP



Note: c-bgp v2.0.0 is required.

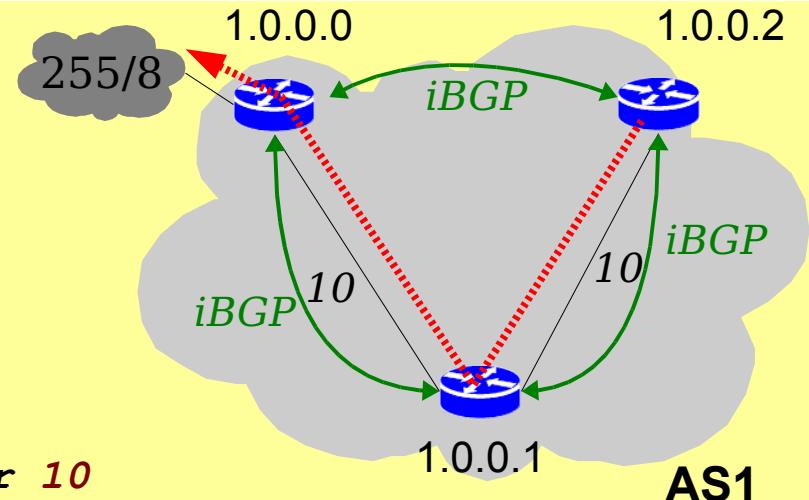
C-BGP Script Example

Topology

```
net add node 1.0.0.0
net add node 1.0.0.1
net add node 1.0.0.2
net add link 1.0.0.0 1.0.0.1
net add link 1.0.0.1 1.0.0.2
net add domain 1 igrp
net node 1.0.0.0 domain 1
net node 1.0.0.1 domain 1
net node 1.0.0.2 domain 1
net link 1.0.0.0 1.0.0.1 igrp-weight --bidir 10
net link 1.0.0.1 1.0.0.2 igrp-weight --bidir 10
net domain 1 compute
bgp add router 1 1.0.0.0
bgp add router 1 1.0.0.1
bgp add router 1 1.0.0.2
bgp domain 1 full-mesh
bgp router 1.0.0.0 add network 255/8
sim run
net node 1.0.0.2 record-route 255.0.0.0
```

IGP

BGP



1.0.0.2 255.0.0.0

UNREACH 3

1.0.0.2 1.0.0.1 1.0.0.0

Note: c-bgp v2.0.0 is required.



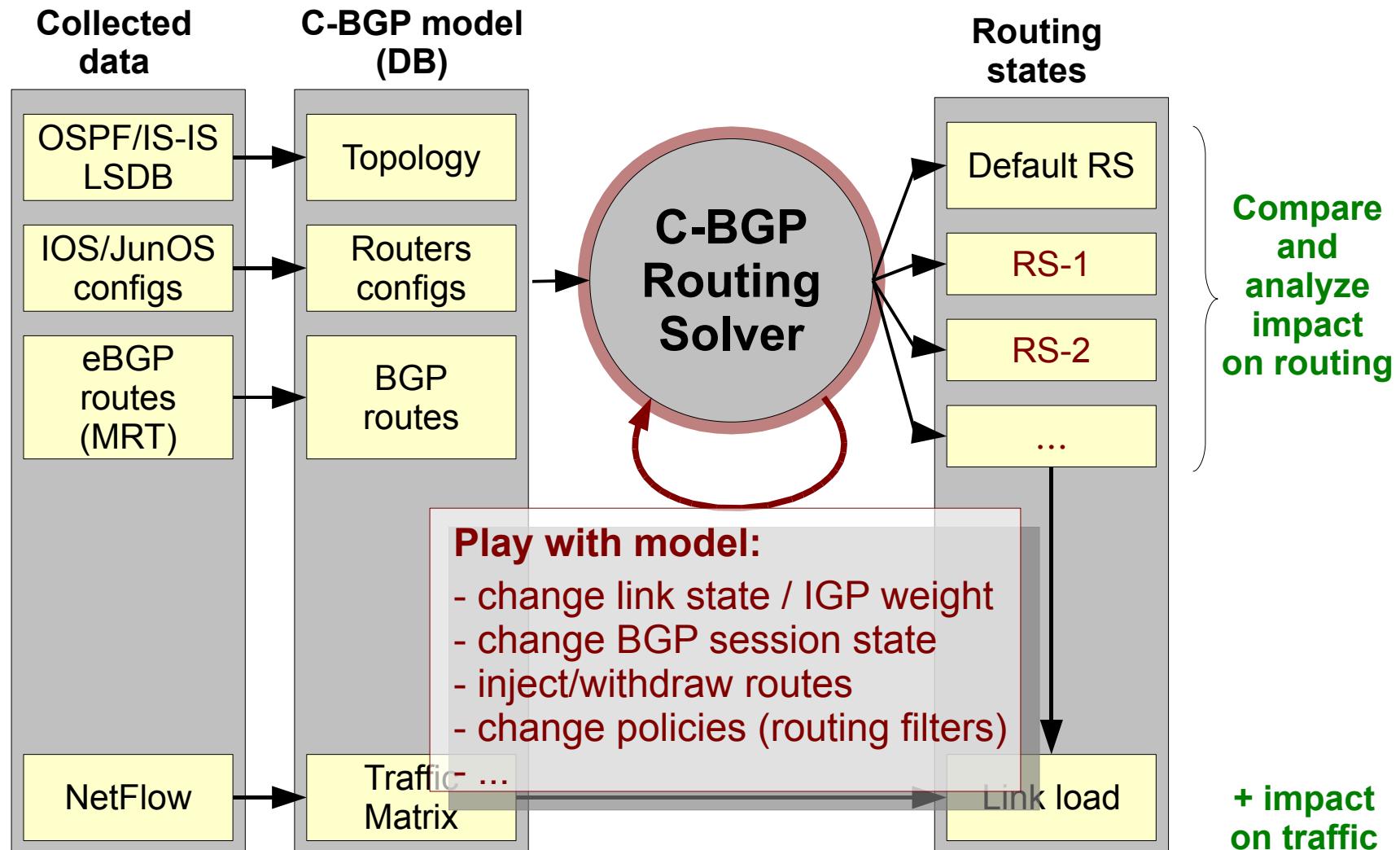
C-BGP Routing Solver

- **IGP model**
 - static, centralized computation
 - support for ECMP, single area (currently)
- **BGP model**
 - compute steady-state outcome of BGP convergence
 - full decision process
 - versatile route filters
 - iBGP hierarchy (route-reflectors)
 - reads BGP table dumps and BGP message traces in MRT format (draft-ietf-grow-mrt-07.txt)
 - multiple BGP domains (AS)



C-BGP Routing Solver

"show isis database extensive"
"show run"



II. SPINNET



DB: importing...

Build project from real router/network data



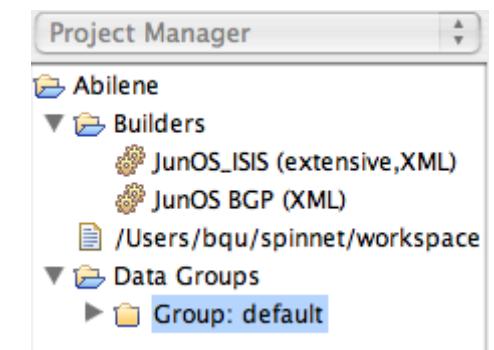
*"show isis
database extensive"*

"show bgp neighbors"

*"show ip ospf
database
router/network/..."*



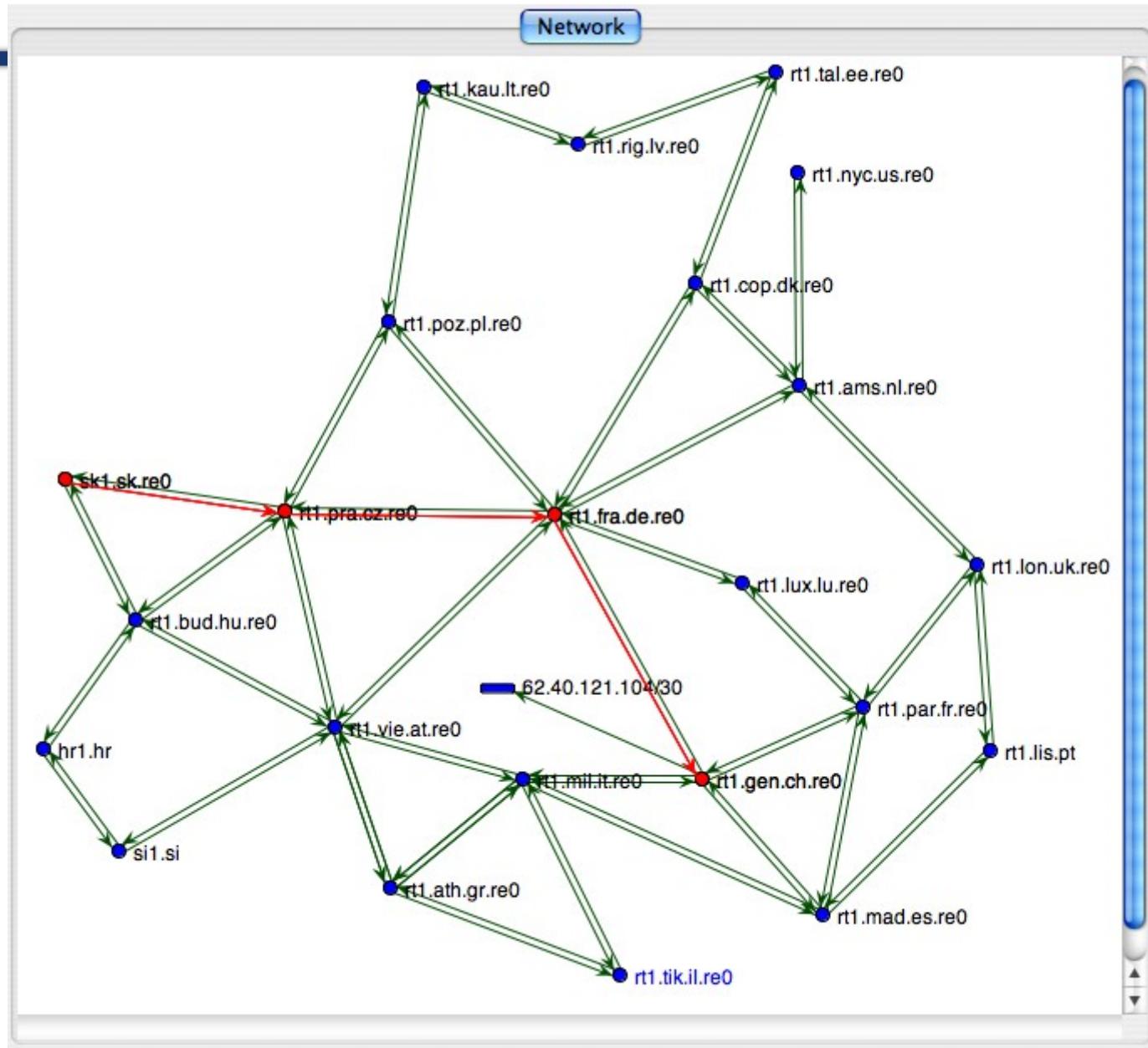
- JunOS IS-IS LSDB (TXT / XML)
- JunOS OSPF LSDB (TXT)
- IOS OSPF LSDB
- IOS IS-IS LSDB
- JunOS BGP neighbors (XML)
- IOS Running config
- JunOS Running config
- ...⁽¹⁾



⁽¹⁾ other vendor formats can be easily added



DB: network visualization

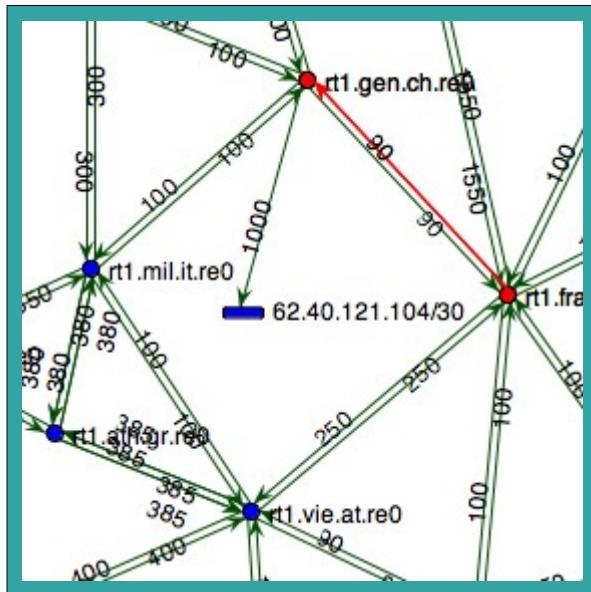


DB: network queries (CLI)

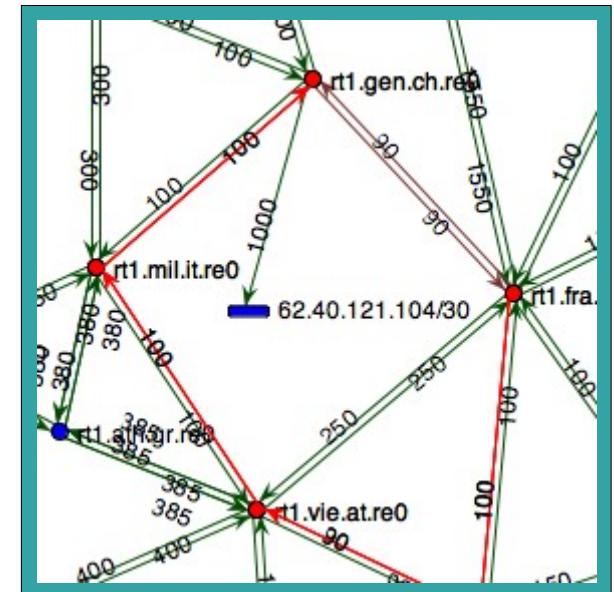
```
Console
cbgp> show version
cbgp version: 1.5.0 [zlib] [jni] [bgpdump]
libgds version: 1.4.5
cbgp> net node 62.40.114.3
cbgp-node> show ifaces
ptp      62.40.112.21/30
ptp      62.40.112.25/30
ptp      62.40.112.29/30
ptp      62.40.112.33/30
lo       62.40.114.3/32
ptmp     62.40.121.105/30
cbgp-node>
cbgp> net node 62.40.102.37
cbgp-node> traceroute 62.40.114.3
 1  62.40.96.41 (62.40.114.5)    icmp error (time-exceeded)
 2  62.40.112.38 (62.40.114.7)    icmp error (time-exceeded)
 3  62.40.114.3 (62.40.114.3)    reply
cbgp-node>
```

What-if scenarios

Before failure



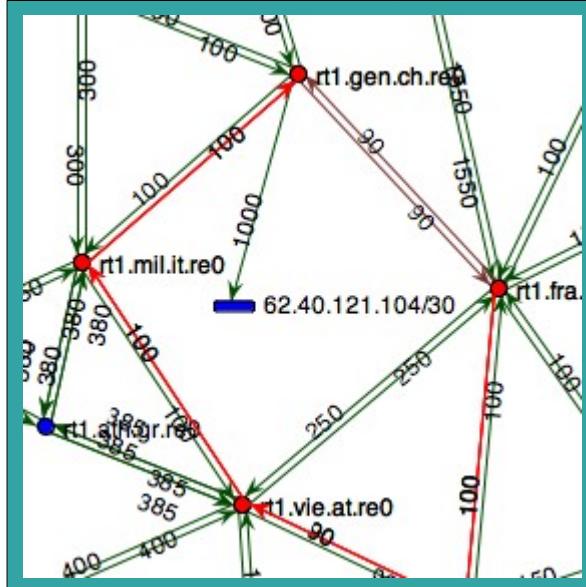
After failure



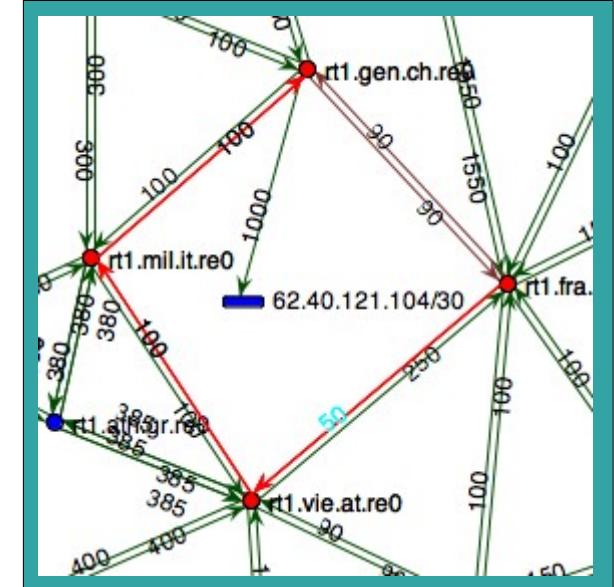
- 1). Fail link between Frankfurt and Geneva
- 2). Recompute routes
- 3). Trace route

What-if scenarios

Before IGP weight change



After IGP weight change



- 1). Change **IGP weight** of link between Frankfurt and Vienna
- 2). Recompute routes
- 3). Trace route

Routing State Queries

List of BGP Domains

BGP domains

AS 11537

- 64.57.28.241 (CHIC-re0)
- 64.57.28.242 (NEWY-re0)
- 64.57.28.243 (ATLA-re1)
- 64.57.28.245 (KANS-re0)
- 64.57.28.246 (SALT-re1)
- 64.57.28.248 (LOSA-re0)
- 64.57.28.249 (WASH-re0)
- 198.32.8.195 (HSTNng-re0)
- 198.32.8.198 (LOSAng-re1)
- 198.32.8.200 (STTLng-re0)
- 198.32.8.201 (SNVAng-re1)
- 198.32.8.203 (ATLA-m5)

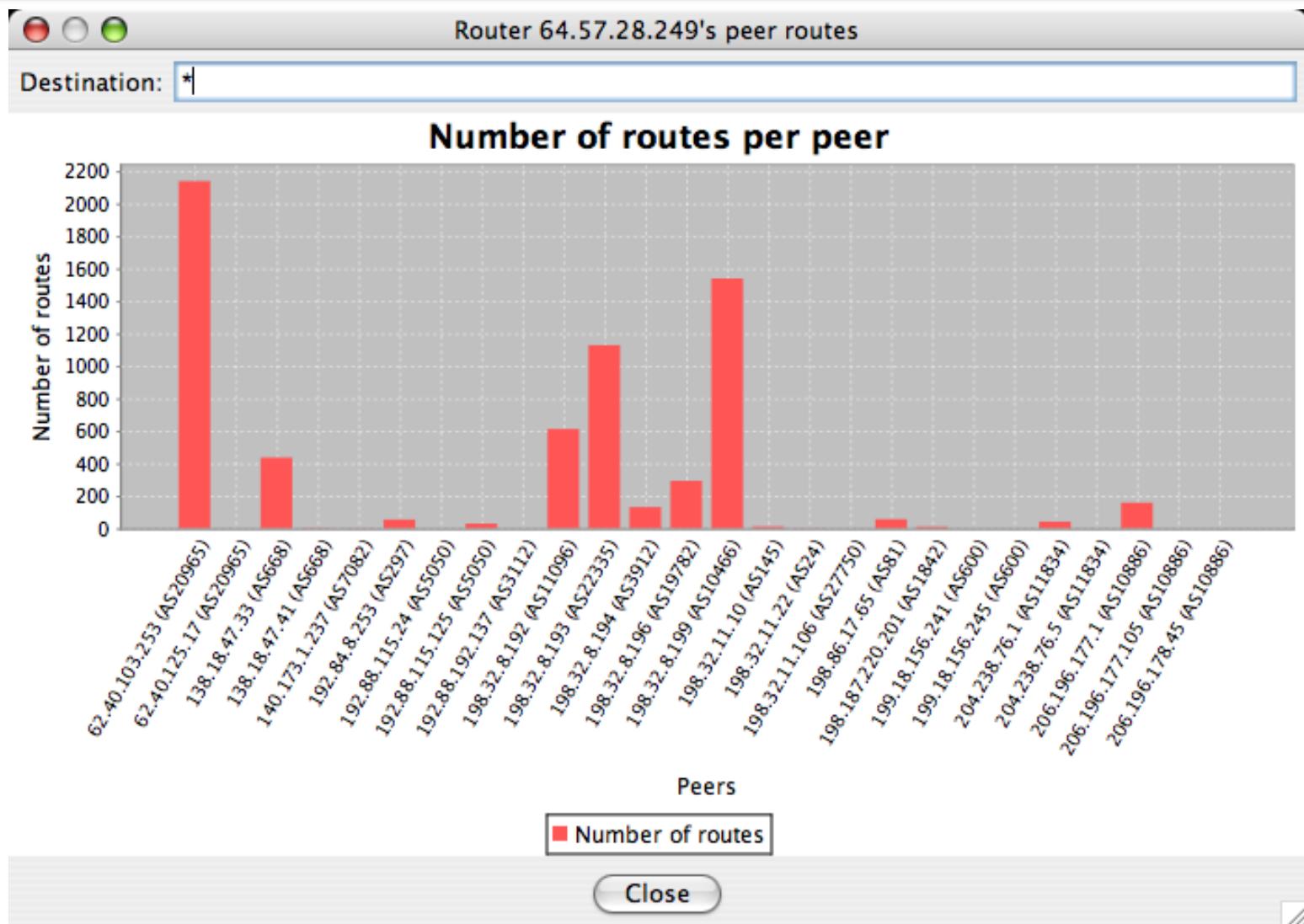
Info Peers Networks RIB

Destination: *

Selection size: 5145 route(s)

E	F	I	Prefix	Next-Hop	Local-Pref	MED	Ori	AS-Path	Comm.
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	8.6.244....	198.32...	200	0	IGP	11096 6...	1153...
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	8.10.208...	198.32...	260	0	IGP	10466 3...	1153...
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	9.4.0.0/16	62.40....	100	0	IGP	20965 559	2096...
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	12.0.48....	198.32...	200	0	IGP	10578 1...	1153...
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	12.6.208...	198.32...	200	0	IGP	10578 1...	1153...
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	12.107.2...	198.86...	200	0	IGP	81 22753	1153...
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	12.144.5...	198.32...	260	0	IGP	10466 1...	1153...
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	12.151.0...	198.32...	260	0	IGP	10466 1...	1153...
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	12.151.1...	198.32...	260	0	IGP	10466 1...	1153...
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	12.161.8...	198.32...	260	0	IGP	10466 88	1153...
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	12.174.2...	198.32...	200	0	IGP	5661 21...	1153...
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	18.3.4.0/...	198.32...	200	0	IN...	10578 3	1153...
...									
Destination 12.144.59.0/24									
Best true									
Feasible true									
Internal false									
Next-hop 198.32.8.199									
AS-Path 10466 13778									
Local-Pref 260									
MED 0									
Communities 11537:2000 11537:950 11537:260									

Routing State Queries



III. Case study



*“Anonymous
French Tier-1”*

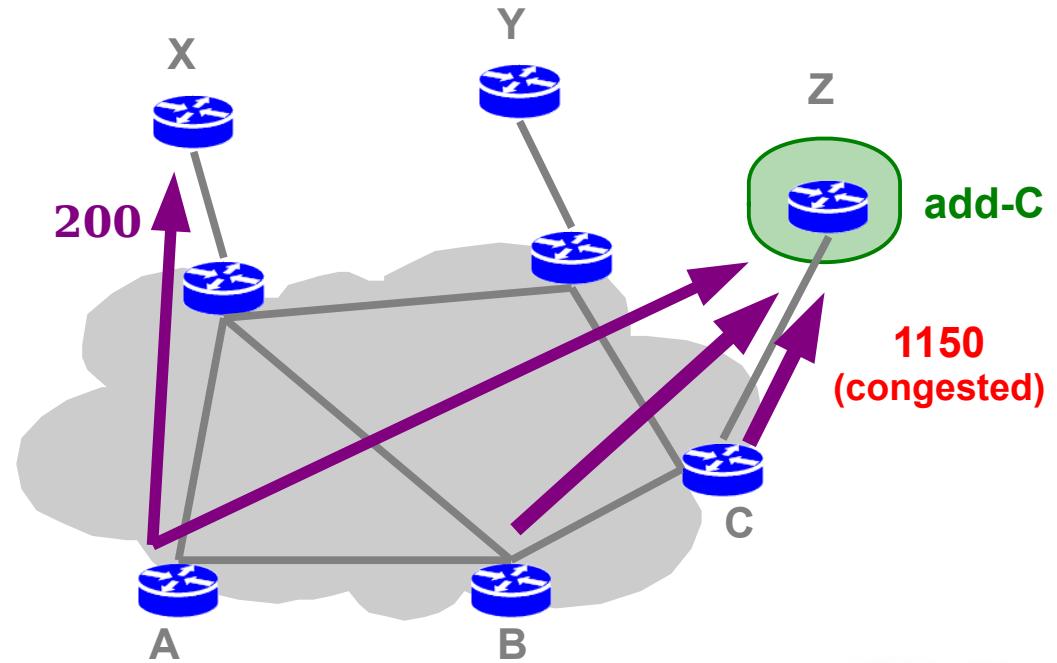
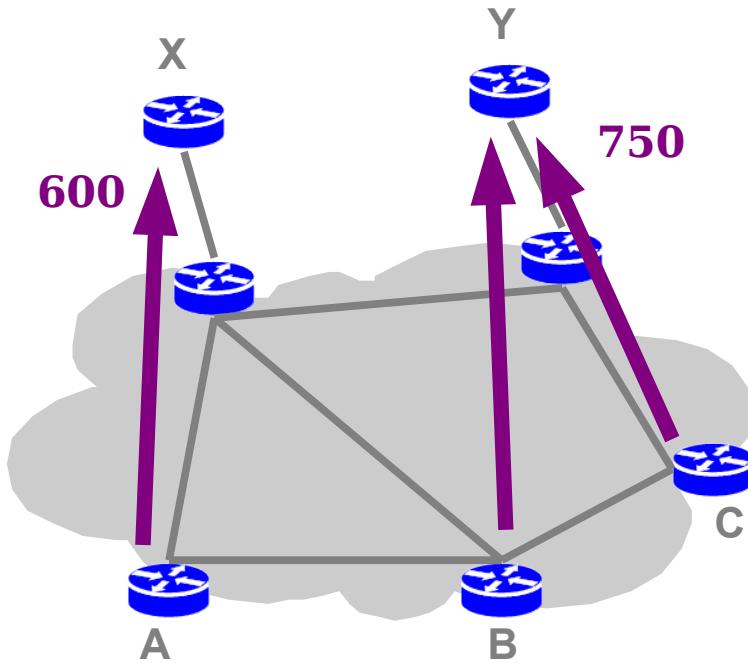
WIDE



Peering placement

- Example
 - 2 upstream providers, 1Gbps links
 - Peer with new provider Z in C

	X	Y
A	600	0
B	0	250
C	0	500



Case study: GEANT (AS20965)

- **Topology**

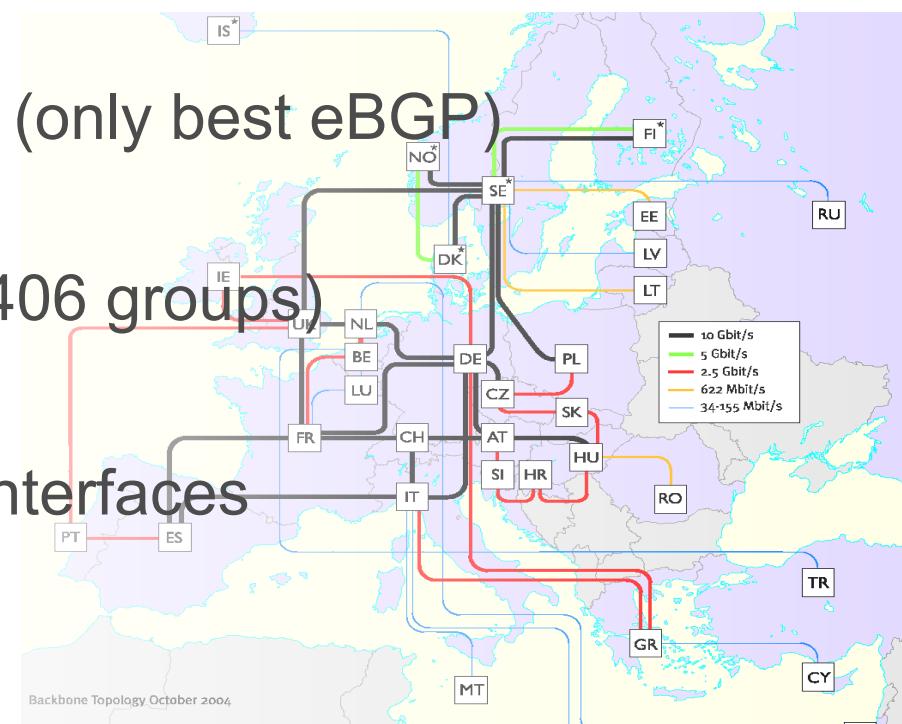
- Obtained from IS-IS trace, cross-checked with map
- 23 nodes, 38 core links, 53 edge links (6 with upstreams)

- **Routing data**

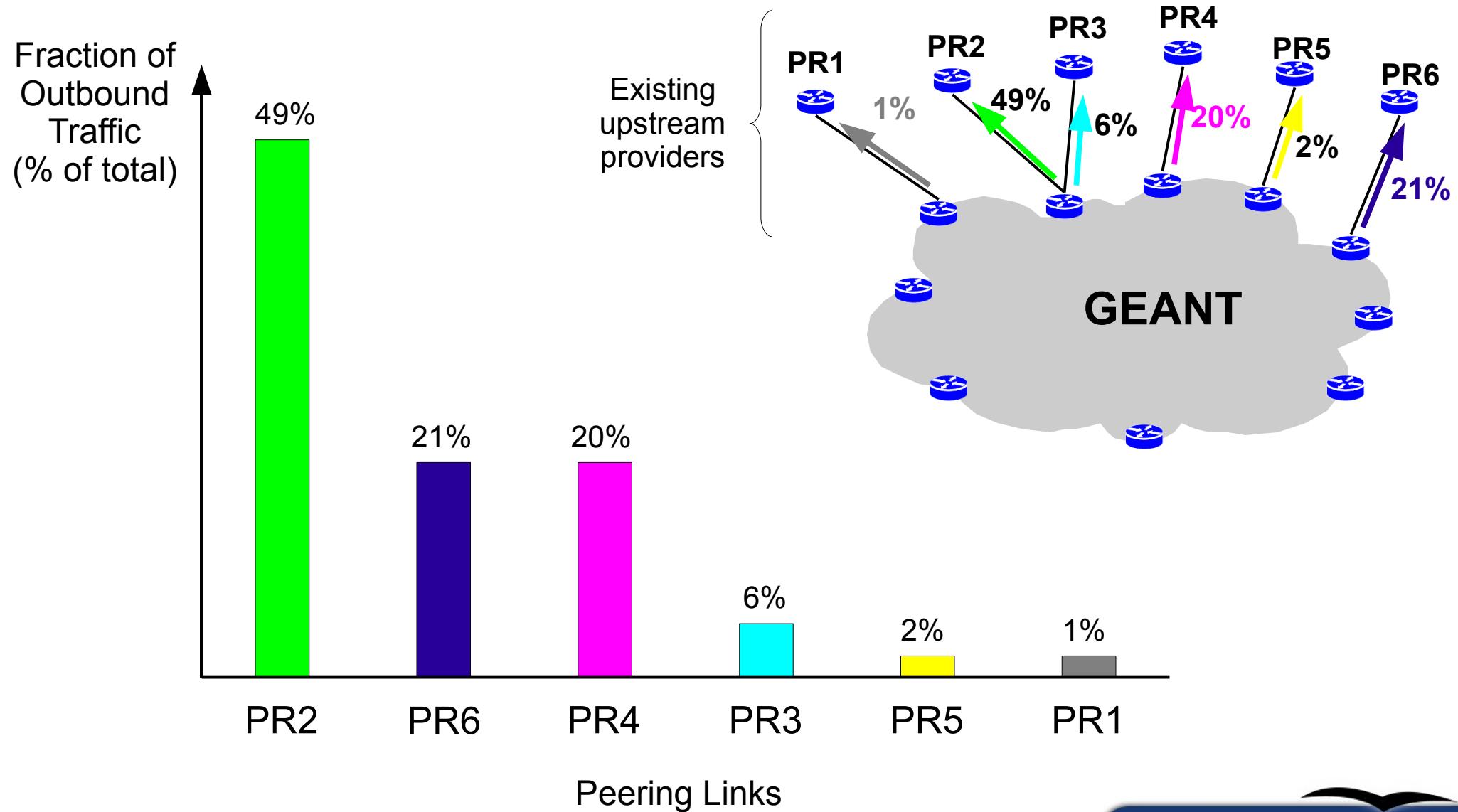
- Collected using Zebra in the iBGP (only best eBGP)
- 640,897 eBGP routes
 - 150,071 prefixes (clustered in 406 groups)

- **Traffic data**

- NetFlow collected on all external interfaces
- Sampling rate: 1/1000
- About 150 GB per month
- Src. / dst. aggregated in /24 prefixes



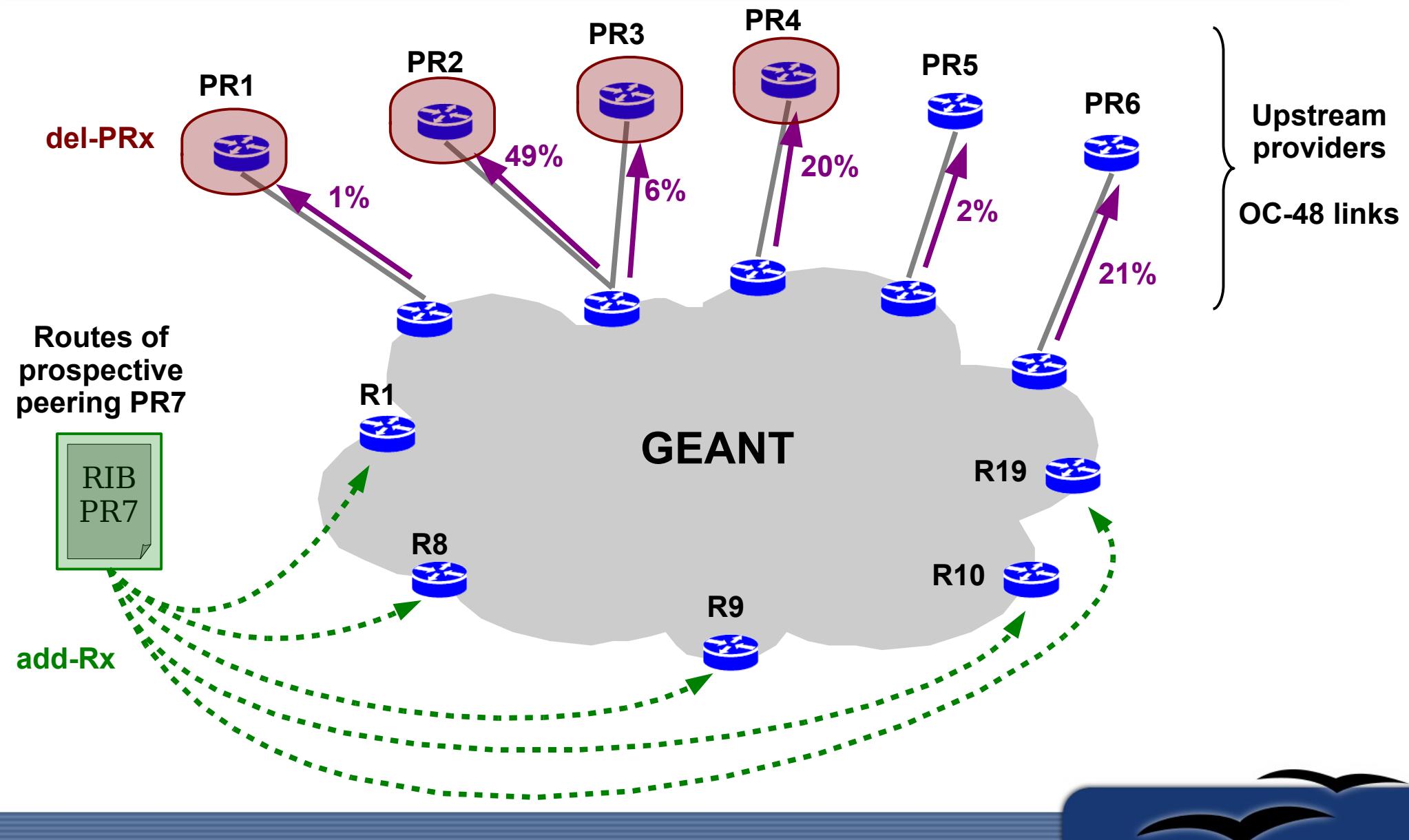
Peering placement



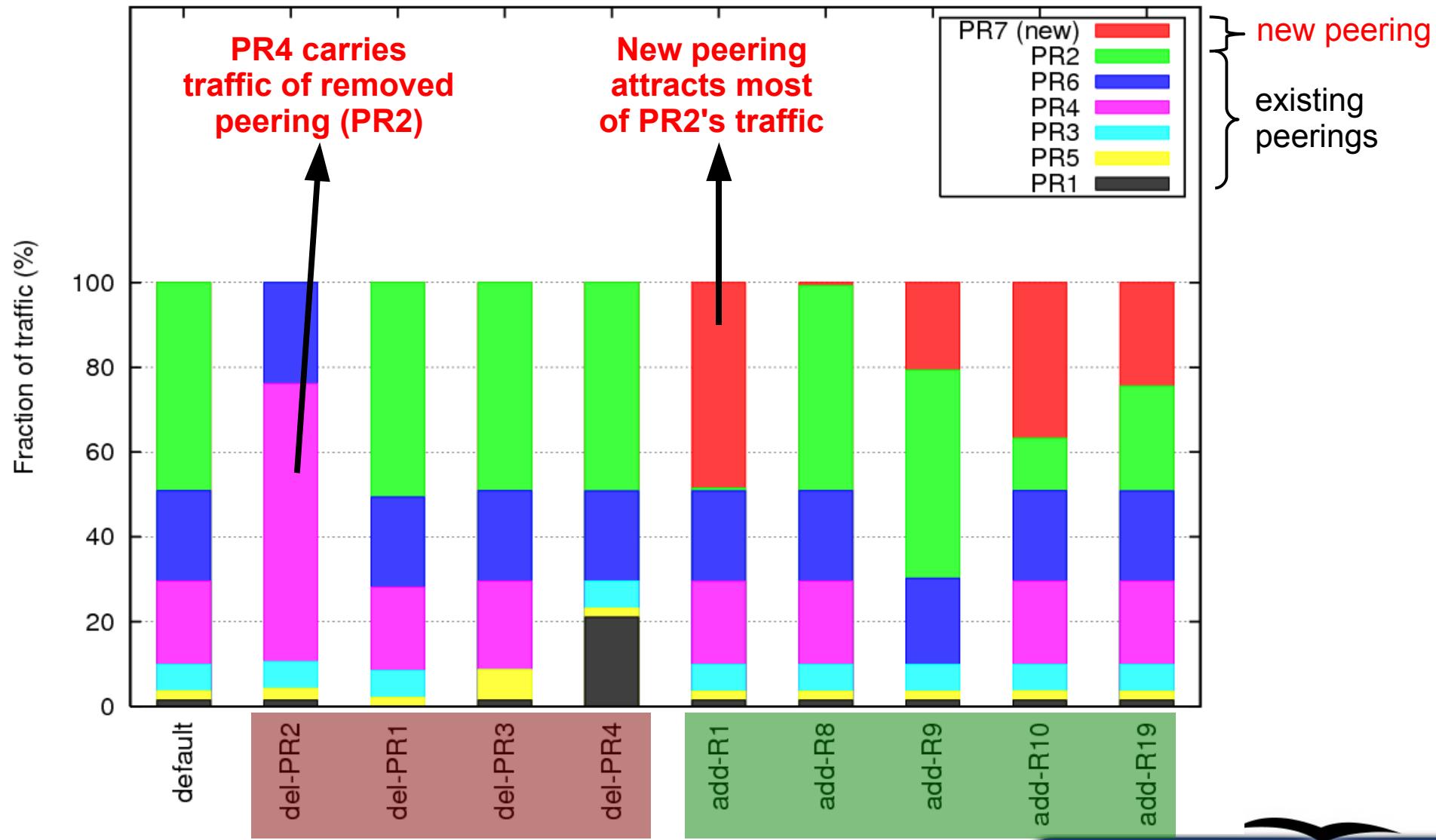
Peering placement

- **Objective**
 - Investigate addition/removal of peerings
 - Goal: better balance traffic load, reduce peering cost, ...
- **Methodology**
 - **Scenario add-Rx**
 - Consider a prospective peering ***PR*** (full RIB)
 - Inject routes of ***PR*** at router ***Rx***
 - **Scenario del-PRx**
 - Remove the routes learned from an existing peer ***PRx***
 - **Metric**
 - distribution of traffic among peering links
(here: 6 most important links, OC-48 with upstream providers)

Peering placement



Peering placement



Conclusion

- **Modeling the routing of an ISP is complex !**
 - Many parameters and data sources are involved.
- **Tools such as C-BGP and SPINNET**
 - Help **understand & visualize** routing protocol interaction (IGP / BGP) on large networks with many destinations
 - Useful to predict **impact of events / design choices** on routing
 - Can be used as/with a **capacity planning** tool (if TM available) to predict the impact of events on link load



Thanks for your attention !

Visit our website:

<http://cbgp.info.ucl.ac.be>

The C-BGP core is released under the LGPL license.

The C-BGP core has been tested under the following platforms:



FreeBSD®



References

- ***Modeling the Routing of an ISP Network***, B. Quoitin and S. Uhlig, IEEE Network, Vol 19(6), November 2005.
- ***Semi-automatic AS-wide converter for C-BGP***, S. Tandel. Available from <http://alumni.info.ucl.ac.be/standel/bgp-converter>
- ***Providing public intradomain traffic matrices to the research community***, S. Uhlig, B. Quoitin, S. Balon and J. Lepropre, ACM SIGCOMM Computer Communication Review, Vol 36(1), January 2006.
- ***The Interaction of IGP Weight Optimization with BGP***, S. Cerav-Erbas, O. Delcourt, B. Fortz and B. Quoitin, In Proceedings of ICISP'06, p. 9, August 26 - 29, 2006.
- ***Network-Wide Prediction of BGP Routes***, N. Feamster and J. Rexford, IEEE/ACM Transactions on Networking, April 2007.
- ***TOTEM toolbox***. Available from <http://totem.run.montefiore.ulg.ac.be>